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Country	Length of trademark in years	Type of Trademark	Type of Trademark	Documents Required	Language	Treaty Implication/ Classification	Treaty / Classification Benefits	Procedures	Cost of filing Application (USD)	Opposition of marks
Kazakhstan Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan No.456 of July 26, 1999, on Trademarks, Service Marks and Appellations of Origin (2012) Law on Trademarks, Service Marks and Appellations of Origin of the Republic of Kazakhstan No. 237-III of March 2, 2007 (the Act) amending Law No. 456-I of July 26, 1999	10	Trademark is defined under article 1(12) of the Act as "sign, registered under this Law or protected without registration in virtue of international treaties to which the Republic of Kazakhstan is party, serving to distinguish the goods (services) of one legal entity or natural person from goods and services of the same type of other legal entities or natural persons."And signs registered under the Act are stated under article 5 as "Figurative, verbal, in letters, digital, three-dimensional and other signs or combinations thereof serving to distinguish goods and services of one person from similar goods and services of other persons may be registered as trademarks. A trademark may be registered in any color or combination of colors.	Applicant is defined as " a legal entity or a natural person who has filed an application for registration of the trademark or for registration and grant of the right to use the appellation of origin" under article 1(4) and the protection under article 4 (2) can be granted to any person or entity engaged in business activity.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Application stating details such as name, address, country of incorporation/ nationality of applicant. 2. a request for registration of a sign as a trademark, in which the name of the applicant and his headquarters or residence shall be specified; 3. the sign in respect of which the protection is filed 4. the list of goods and services along with classifications 5. receipt of payment for registration. 6.The application and any annexed documents shall be drawn in the Kazakh or Russian language. 7.If priority is claimed the documents evidencing the first application must be filed within two months following the date of receipt of the application by Kazpatent. 	The application and any annexed documents shall be drawn in the Kazakh or Russian language as per article 9(4) of the Act.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks 2. Trademark Law Treaty 3. Nice Agreement Concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks 4. Convention Establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization 5. Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks 6. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property 7. World Trade Organization (WTO) - Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS Agreement) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union sought to create Eurasian Economic Union trademark registration system. It seeks to protect trademark rights under part III and IV of the treaty. Part IV states about registration of Trademarks of the Eurasian Economic Union and simultaneous legal protection in all member states. 2. Madrid protocol provides gateway for international registration of marks 3. Under Paris convention priority right can be made by member state if application made 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The application for registration of the trademark shall be filed by applicant/s with Kazpatent as per the requirement along with all thenecessary documents. 2. Examination procedure is carried out by Kazpatent in two stages: (1) preliminary – within period of two (2) months to verify the documents required and conditions laid down under the act are complied.(ii) full examination- within twelve (12) months reviewing on the grounds of refusal of application. 3. Any additional element required to be added as per the Kaz patent shall be submitted with such elements within three months. 4.If the application is rejected as reasoned conclusion shall be granted to applicant. The decision can be in respect of all goods or some list of goods. 5. The applicant can appeal against the decision within 3 months to the Board of appeal. The appeal shall be considered by the Board of Appeal within four months following the date of its receipt. 6. The decision of acceptance can be 	The official fee for filing a trademark application, including examination, is USD [KZT 60, 599.84] for up to three classes. The filing fee for each additional class is USD 27.88/- [KZT 9,800] The official registration fee is [KZT 24,000.48/-]	Opposition to a trademark is possible at any time during 5 years from date of registration on the grounds of refusal under the Act.
Korea Trademark Act (Act No. 71 of November 28,1949, wholly amended up to Act No. 4210 on Jan 13, 1990) the act is amended several times there after the recent amendment being by Act no. 11113,Dec 2, 2011.	10	The term "trademark" under Article 2. 1 means any of the following which are referred to as "mark" in the Act that is used by a person who produces, processes or sells goods as a business, in order to distinguish the goods related to his/her business from those of another person: (a) Any sign, letter, figure, three-dimensional shape or the combination thereof or the combination of them and colors; (b) Any color that is not combined with others, the combination of colors, any hologram, movement or other item that can be visually recognized;(c) Any sound, odor or others that expressed realistically with a sign, letter, figure, or by any other visual means among sounds, odors and others that cannot be recognized visually.	Article 3 any person who uses or intends to use a trademark in the Republic of Korea, may be entitled to have his/ her trademark registered. Administrator for Non residents must be appointed under article 5.3 for person/legal body who does not have address/residence or place of business in Korea.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Application including name and address of applicant, trademark representation, designated goods and classes, date of submission, country and 2. filing date of priority application (if right to priority has been claimed) 3. Ten specimens of trademark (8cm*8cm or smaller dimensions) 4. Priority document (if right to priority has been claimed) 5. Power of attorney (if needed) it is compulsory for foreign applicants to appoint one attorney/representative 	Application and all other accompanying documents such as priority claim first application and such other documents must be submitted along with Korean translations.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property 2. Trademark Law Treaty 3. Nice Agreement Concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks 4. Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks 5. Convention Establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization 6. Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement between the Republic of Korea and the Republic of India sought co-operation in intellectual property rights including trademarks under chapter 12 7. Free Trade Agreement 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Free Trade Agreement between the Republic of Korea and the United States of America recognizes trademark rights and agrees cooperation by considering well known trademarks of member countries and seeks to ensure convention adopting nice classification for uniform classification system. The treaty further lays down benefits of reasoning on rejection of application to the applicants and opposing rights. 2. An applicant whose application exists in a member 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Filing the application along with all the required documents and translations, if required, with the Korean Intellectual Property Office (KIPO). The Commissioner of KIPO will recognize the date of filing if all the required criteria such as proper name, address, documents and translations are fulfilled. 2. If anything is to be included or any documents needs to be submitted the commissioner gives deadline to the applicant and applicant must supplement documents within deadline failing which the application is considered defective. 3. The first to file principle is followed and further one application for each trademark can be filed. Accordingly A trademark application may be filed for the registration of trademark for goods or services which fall under several classes in accordance with the Nice Classification. In this case, the applicant has to pay additional fees for each classification. 4. Succession or transfer of application can be made by promptly reporting to the Commissioner of KIPO. 5.The conversion of application is possible under the Act to the service 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Filing of application. a) Manual filing. Fees: USD 59.89/- [KRW 72,000/-] b) e-filing. Fees: USD 21.57/- [KRW 62,000/-] 2. Registration for the establishment of right. a) Single payment. Fees: USD 175.51/- [KRW 211,000/-] b) Payment in 2 installments. Fees: USD 109.79/- [KRW 132,000/-] 	Within 2 months from date of publication in the Trademark Publication Gazette

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Malaysia Trademark Act (Amendment) Act 2002: (Act 175 of 1976, as last amended by Act A1138 of 2002), Trade Marks (Amendment) Regulations 2011, 2007, 2001, so on and so forth.	10	Trademark and mark is defined under section 3 of 1976 Act as the following with no further amendments by Acts thereafter: "mark" includes a device, brand, heading, label, ticket, name, signature, word, letter, numeral or any combination thereof; "trade mark" means, except in relation to Part XI, a mark used or proposed to be used in relation to goods or services for the purpose of indicating or so as to indicate a connection in the course of trade between the goods or services and a person having the right either as proprietor or as registered user to use the mark whether with or without an indication of the identity of that person, and means, in relation to Part X 1, a mark registrable or registered under the said Part XI.	Any person claiming to be proprietor of the mark may apply for the registration provided he is using the mark or proposes to use the mark. Accordingly Persons including partnerships, Joint ventures, unincorporated bodies, government or other official bodies, nationals or other contracting states of Paris Convention. Further one exception to use or intend to use is the person applying to register for body corporate about to be incorporated as stated under section 26 of Trademark Act, 1976 with later amendments.	1. Five copies of completed TM-5 Forms with trademark affixed to each copy. If mark is to be registered in more than one international class than the separate application with TM-% forms for each class – 5 copies each. Trademark (size: 10cm*10cm 2. One original copy of statutory declaration with trademark affixed to it. 3. Copy of Form 49/ Form D/ company details from company registrar if the registration is made under company name. 4. To seek priority claim a copy of document stating priority date claim. 5. Where the language is other than Bahasa Malaysia or English, the applicant may be asked to furnish a Copy of certified translation or transliteration, under the power conferred by regulation 23 Registrar has power to consider the validity of such copy.	If the mark contains any word in non-Roman characters or any language other than in Bahasa Malaysia or English, then a certified translation or transliteration should be provided-Regulation23(1).	1. Nice Agreement Concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks 2. Vienna Agreement Establishing an International Classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks 3. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property 4. Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization (WTO) 5. World Trade Organization (WTO) - Agreement on Trade- Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS Agreement) (1994) 6. Agreement establishing the ASEAN Australia- New Zealand Free Trade Area seeks	1. Under section 14(f)(2) Article 6b is of the Paris Convention and Article 16 of the TRIPS Agreement shall apply for the purpose of determining whether a trade mark is a well known trade mark. The proprietor can protect the well known trademark which is entitled to protection under the Paris Convention or the TRIPS Agreement as a well-known trade mark through injunction. 2. Uniform international classification system is available due to Nice Classification.	1. TM-5 Forms with trademark affixed to each copy of application. Application is allocated a number by the receipts clerk. If mark is to be registered in more than one international class than the separate application with TM-5 forms for each class. 2. Preliminary search to verify if similar or same mark is already registered. Search form is available after making application. 3. Examination of trademark: To file TM5A (Request for approval for expedited examination of a trade mark application). The examination report records the results of searches among the standard reference works and any specialist reference works. 4. Under section 25 Registrar may refuse the application or may accept it absolutely or subject to such conditions, amendments, modifications or limitations, if any, as he may think right to impose. 5. The decision of Registrar is subject to appeal under section 25(5). 6. If the registrar objects to the application or seeks amendments the applicant needs to comply within the timeframe provided under regulation	Application for registering mark under Form TM 5. E-filing: USD 76.83/- [RM 330/-] Manual: USD 86.15/- [RM 370/-]	Within 2 months from publication in Gazette under Form TM 7.
Pakistan Trademark Ordinance 2001 and Trademarks Rules 2004 succeeding Trade Marks Ordinance, 2001 and The Trademarks Act, 1940.	10	Trademark Ordinance 2001 defines the mark and trademark as following: Section 2 under subsection (xxiv) "mark" includes, in particular, a device, brand, heading, label, ticket, name including person name, signature, word, letter, numeral, figurative elements, colour, sound or / and combination thereof; Section 2 under subsection (xvii) "trade mark" means any mark capable of being represented graphically which is capable of distinguishing goods or services of one undertaking from those of other undertakings.	As per Section 2 (k) of 1940 Act and Trademark Ordinance 2010 section (xxxviii) and (xlvii) Application for trademark registration can be made by person on basis of mark used or proposed to be used in relation to goods for the purpose of indicating or so as to indicate a connection in the course of trade between the goods and some person having the right, either as proprietor or as registered user who is Proprietor of goods or services. Two or more persons may also jointly apply for trademark under section 22 and 24	The following documents are required: 1. Request for search facility (optional) under form TM – 5. 2. Request for registration under form TM – 1 in duplicate along with six additional representations affixed on a durable paper of 13x8 inch along with following details: (a) In case of individual: Full name, Description and Nationality of the applicant. (b) In case of firm: the Full Name and Nationality of every partner, full trade or business address of the applicant, domain name in respect of goods and services, if mark is in colour - the colour can be claimed, signature of applicant such as individual, managing partner in case of partnership. 3. Form TM-48, duly stamped, must accompany the application if the same is made by the attorney holding power of attorney. 4. Classification of goods and services as provided under schedule IV of Trade Marks Rules,	When trademark contains a word or words in languages other than English and Urdu, its translation and transliteration in the form of an affidavit from the applicant must accompany the application.	1. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property. 2. Free Trade Agreement between China and Pakistan 3. World Trade Organization (WTO) - Agreement on Trade- Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS Agreement) (1994) 4. Convention establishing the World Trade Organization (WTO).	1. Right of priority under article 4 of Paris convention in one of the countries of the Union, or his successor in title, shall enjoy, for the purpose of filing in the other countries. The periods of priority referred to above shall be twelve months. 2. Protection of trademarks in cross border transactions by custom authorities under article 10 of Free Trade Agreement between China and Pakistan relating to Special Requirements Related to Border Measures.	The procedure is as follows: 1. Request for search facility (optional) with the Registrar of Trademarks to check for any identical or similar marks present in Register. Search request form is available on form TM – 55. The form should be accompanied by two representation marks and 1000 PKR. 2. Application for registration can be made under form TM - 1 3. Application should be made for specification of goods or services in any one class i.e., separate applications for separate classes. Classification of goods and services is provided under Schedule IV of Trade Marks Rules, 2004 4. Foreign national or any person authorizing must file the application through their duly authorized attorney or advocate in Pakistan. 5. The translation in English in the form of an affidavit, in case the mark is in language other than English or Urdu. 6. The Trademark registry examines the mark and submits examination report within 3 months from date of filing. Show cause notice is issued in case of objection by the registry. The reply to show cause	1. Application to register a trademark in one class under form TM-1 and TM-2. Fees: USD 19.10/- [PKR 2,000/-] 2. Application to register a Collective mark in one class under TM-3. Fees: USD 19.10/- [PKR 2,000/-] 3. Application to register a Certification Trade mark in one class. Fees: USD 19.10/- [PKR 2,000/-] Registration fee amounting to Rs. 6,000/- from scheduled bank in form of a pay order/ bank draft in the name of Director General IPO -Pakistan - for one mark in one class only	Within 2 months from publication in prescribed Form TM-5. Fees: PKR 6,000/-

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Singapore Trade Marks Act as amended by Act No.3 of 2007 Trade Marks Act (Original Enactment: Act 46 of 1998) (Chapter 332) Revised Edition 2005 Trade Marks (Amendment) Rules 2013 Trade Marks (Amendment) Rules 2014 amending Trade Marks Rules 2008, Trade Marks (Composition of Offences) Regulations G.N. No. S 229/2001 Revised Edition 2002 Trade Marks (International Registration) Rules (2002) Trade Marks (Border Enforcement Measures) Rules G.N.	10	Trademark is defined under section 2 of 2007 Act means any sign capable of being represented graphically and which is capable of distinguishing goods or services dealt with or provided in the course of trade by a person from goods or services so dealt with or provided by any other person. As per the official website Intellectual property office of Singapore following can be registered as a trade mark but a mark must be distinctive and capable of distinguishing your goods or services from similar ones of other traders: letters words names signatures labels devices tickets shapes colors or any combination of these	Based on section 2.8, 9 of Trade mark Act 2007 and 2008 Rules, it can be construed that application for Trademark registration can be made by the proprietor of the mark on basis of used as well known mark or proposed to be used. Earlier right in mark is recognized as per definition of earlier trademark under section 2 which is well known though not registered.	Documents required: 1. An application for registration of a trade mark shall be made in to the Registrar through form TM-4 stated in second schedule: description of forms. 2. The application must contain must state the following details: (a) state the name and address of the applicant; (b) contain a clear representation of the trade mark; (c) list the goods or services in relation to which the applicant seeks to register the trade mark; and (d) state – (i) that the trade mark is being used in the course of trade, by the applicant or with his consent, in relation to those goods or services; or (ii) that the applicant has a bona fide intention that the trade mark should be so used. It must further state that the trade mark is being used in the course of trade, by the applicant or with his consent, in relation to those goods or services, or that he has a bona fide intention that it should be so used. For marks comprising of a three-dimensional shape of the goods or packaging, line.	Under section 3A of Trade Marks Rules 2008 (2) Every document filed at the Registry shall (a) be in English; or (b) where the document is not in English, be accompanied by an certified English translation or transliteration of the document.	1. Nice Agreement -Geneva Act - (1977) establishing Nice Classification for the purpose of classification of goods and services. 2. Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks; 3. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property; 4. World Trade Organization (WTO) - Agreement on Trade- Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS Agreement) (1994) 5. Convention establishing the World Trade Organization (WTO) 6. ASEAN Framework Agreement on Intellectual Property Cooperation (TREATY NOT IN FORCE) seeks regional protection	1. Uniform classification system is available due to Nice Classification. 2. There is a priority claim procedure in place for applicants who have filed an earlier claim for the same mark in another Paris Convention country or a World Trade Organization member country. The Singapore application must be filed within six months from the date of the first filing. 3. One can also designate Singapore through the Madrid Protocol for an international registration marks	The following procedure is based on Act and rules: 1. Similar Mark Search (optional) to ensure that there are no similar marks existing on the Register. 2. An application for registration of a trade mark shall be made in to the Registrar through form TM-4. The Registrar may require the filing of a hard copy of any document filed using the electronic online system. A4 size paper shall be used. Signature of: (a) all partners in case of partnership or one partner authorized to act on their behalf; (b) In case of body corporate: director, the secretary or other principal officer of the body corporate, or by any other person who satisfies the Registrar that he is authorized to sign the document on behalf of the body corporate; (c) unincorporated body or association of persons: any authorized person. The mark should be made available as per rule 16 of the 2008 rules with 2014 amendment. 3. Examination of application under section 12 (1) of the 2007 Act. 4. The Registrar will examine the mark in accordance with section 12 to see if there is similar registered trademark and other parameters of registrability	1. Application for registration of trademark, collective mark and certification mark for each class under Form TM 4. e-filing: USD 241.68/- [SGD 341/-] Manual filing: USD 265.07/- [SGD 374/-] 2. Request to divide registration application under Form TM 8. e-filing: USD 198.45/- [SGD 280/-] for each application that the original application is divided into. Manual filing: USD 198.45/- [SGD 280/-] for each application that the original application is divided into + Service Bureau Charges	Under rule 29 the notice of opposition should be made under Form TM 11 within 2 months from date of publication with prescribed Fees.
Thailand Trademarks Act 2534 as amended by the Trademark Act (No. 2) Act 2543 (2000)	10	Under section 4 of the Act the "mark" means a photograph, drawing, device, brand, name, word, letter, numeral, signature, combinations of colors, shape or configuration of an object or any one or combination thereof; and "trademark" means a mark used or proposed to be used on or in connection with goods to distinguish the goods with which the trademark of the owner of such trademark is used from goods under another person's trademark;	Under section 10 for a trademark to be registrable, the applicant or his agent shall have an office or address for communication by the Registrar in Thailand. Thailand also operates on 'first to file' system thereby creating urgency to register first as 'bad faith' registration may take place taking away right of actual owner and user of the mark.	Application form should be submitted along with an evidence or statement that shows the right to use the mark containing: 1. Copy of application for registration/1 electronic sample 2. Five photos of the mark in size 5cm*5cm 3. Copy of ID card or government card or certified copy of passport (for aliens) 4. Original certificate of Incorporation (in case of corporate bodies) 5. Description of the goods and services to be designated 6. Agent book or Power of Attorney (if applicable) 7. Full name, address, country and occupation of the applicant 8. Filing fees 9. Copy of ID card or other government issued card (if applicable) 10. Copy of Passport or temporary residence (if agent or attorney is not a resident of Thailand) 11. Date of first use of trade mark (if any) 12. Certified copy of the priority	The Application must be filed in Thai language or accompanied by a Thai translation. The Registrar under section 12 may require the applicant to translate any document in a foreign language into Thai within a given period.	1. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property 2. Convention Establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization 3. Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization (WTO) 4. World Trade Organization (WTO) - Agreement on Trade- Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS Agreement) 5. ASEAN Framework Agreement on Intellectual Property Cooperation (Treaty not yet in force) 6. Agreement establishing the ASEAN Australia- New Zealand Free Trade Area 7. Closer Economic Partnership Agreement between Thailand and New Zealand	1. An application with priority right should be filed within 6 months from first filing date of application in another country, who is a member of Paris Convention. Priority claim can be sought if applicant is a national of a country party to a convention or international agreement on trademark protection to which Thailand is also a party, or having domiciled or having industrial or commercial establishment in Thailand and such other conditions laid down under article 28	1. Once the application for registration of a trade mark has been submitted to the Department of Intellectual Property (DIP), the registrar will send a letter to notify the result of the examination to the applicant mostly within period of 12 to 18 months. 2. Separate applications must be filed for each class as per section 9. 3. Thailand does not use nice classification anymore and have its own system to classify goods and services hence the classification of goods must be stated accordingly as provided by ministerial orders from time to time as stated under section 10. 4. The mark is examined by the registrar as per section 6, 7, 8 so and so forth for registrability. 5. On substantive review if in the opinion of the Registrar the trademark or any part of it is not registrable the application is rejected and the same is notified to the applicant. 6. The applicant may appeal against the order of the Registrar under Sections 14, 15, 16 and 17 to the Trademark Board within ninety days from receipt thereof. Decisions of the Trademark Board shall be final.	1. Application for registration of Trademark, certification mark or collective mark for each product or service under Form G- 01. Fees: USD 13.85/- [THB 500/-] 2. Fee at the time of registration: USD 8.31/- [THB 300/-]	Within 90 days from date of publication. Fees: THB 1,000/-

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<p>Thailand</p> <p>Act 2011 Amended and Promulgated on July 13, 2015 by the Ministry of Economic Affairs Enforcement Rules of the Trademark Act (2015-07-13 Amended)</p>	10	Trademark or mark is not defined under the Act however provisions relating to distinctive signs, color, holograms, sound, three dimensional and motion trademarks is referred to in rules and Act.	Any individual or legal entity may apply to the Taiwan Intellectual Property Office (TIPO) to register a trademark in Taiwan. Foreign applicants may apply to register a mark in Taiwan if the foreign applicant is from a WTO member country or a jurisdiction that protects trademarks on a reciprocal basis with Taiwan. Those not domiciled or business established in Taiwan must appoint a trademark agent in Taiwan to register a mark.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Application stating name, address, nationality and seal affixed of legal entity or signature. 2. Document of proof for any claim made such as priority claim 3. The translation in Chinese of all the documents 4. Power of Attorney authorizing the trademark agent to file the application 5. specimen of the trademark 6. description of goods or services and classification 7. In case of motion, three dimensional, color, hologram or such other trademarks electronic data can be requested and any explanation as to the motion or view of the trademark can be sought. 	Under rule 3 of the Act the applications and documents submitted in relation to trademark matters shall be in Chinese. When the documents of proof are in foreign languages, the Registrar Office may give a notice to furnish a full or excerpted Chinese translation thereof if it deems necessary.	1. Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization(WTO)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Priority can be claimed based on an application first filed in any WTO member state within six months from the day following the date of filing of the first such application. 2. The Nice Classification (10th edition) is adopted in the schedule 1 of the Rules which comprises of 45 classes. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The trademark application must be made to Trademark Registrar Office (ROC). A priority claim may be made within 6 months counted from the day following the date of filing of the first application in a country which has reciprocal recognition of priority rights with Taiwan (ROC) or is a member of the WTO to the filing date 2. Examination is made on substantive and procedural aspects. Procedural aspects are considered by verifying required documents, signatures, representation of mark, so on and so forth. Substantive examination is done in view of registrability and grounds of refusal of registration. 3. A change to any particular in an application for registration pursuant to Article 24 of the Act shall be made by filing a written request, as well as furnishing documents of proof unless such change is not necessary to be proven by documents. 4. Amendments, corrections or limitations are proposed by the ROC 5. The registration shall be refused by ROC under if grounds of refusal is identified by registrar. 6. An application for trademark registration shall be accepted 	The official filing fee for a collective mark or certification mark is USD 149.88/- [TWD 5,000/-] per application. The official registration fees is USD 74.94/- [TWD 2,500/-] per class; payment by installments is no longer permissible under the newly effective Trademark Act.	The opposition period is 3 months from publication date of the registration.
<p>Vietnam</p> <p>Law No. 36/2009/QH12 of June 19, 2009, amending and supplementing a Number of Articles of the Law on Intellectual Property, Intellectual Property Law (No. 50/2005/QH11 of 29 November 2005)</p>	10	Under section 4.16 of Intellectual Property Law, the Mark is defined as "any sign used to distinguish goods and/or services of different organizations or individuals." Further trademark under article 4.21 means "a designation of an organization or individual in business activities, capable of distinguishing the business entity bearing it from another entity in the same business domain and area."	Under section 89 (1) Vietnamese organizations and individuals, foreign individuals permanently residing in Vietnam And foreign organizations or individuals having production or business establishments in Vietnam shall file applications either directly or through their lawful representatives in Vietnam. However, under 89 (2) Foreign individuals not permanently residing in Vietnam, foreign organizations or individuals having no production or business establishments	<p>The mark application shall consist of the following documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A request made in prescribed form (as prescribed in the Circular No. 01/2007/TT-BKHCHN); 2. Documents, samples, information identifying the mark as provided for in Articles 105 of the Law as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. the sample of the mark must be described in order to clarify elements of the mark and the comprehensive meaning of the mark, if any; b. where the mark consists of words or phrases of hieroglyphic languages, such words or phrases must be transcribed; c. where the mark consists of words or phrases in foreign languages, such words or phrases must be translated into Vietnamese; 3. Goods or services listed in a mark registration application must be classified in accordance with the Nice Agreement – Classification. 4. Power of attorneys (if the application is filed through a representative) 	Applications and documents for transaction between the applicants and the state management agency shall be made in Vietnamese. However the documents stated from point 4 to 6 (in documents required section) can be made in another language but shall be translated into Vietnamese at the request of the state management agency in charge of industrial property rights. Further where the mark consists of words or phrases in foreign languages, such words or phrases must be translated into Vietnamese.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Protocol relating to Madrid Agreement concerning International Registration of Marks 2. Agreement on Trade related aspects of Intellectual Property Rights under the World Trade Organization (TRIPS) 3. Paris Convention on Protection of Industrial Property 4. ASEAN Framework Agreement on intellectual property cooperation 5. Geneva Act of Hague Agreement concerning international registration of industrial designs. 6. Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization (WTO) 7. Agreement establishing the ASEAN Australia- New Zealand Free Trade Area 8. Agreement between Japan and the Socialist 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Agreement establishing the ASEAN-Australia- New Zealand Free Trade Area – To create system for harmonization of registration process, improved prevention of intellectual property rights and transparency. 2. Agreement between Japan and the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam for an Economic Partnership sought to abolish the requirement of the authentication of signatures or other means of self-identification on documents to be submitted to the competent authority of the Party 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Marks are considered under Industrial property rights. The first-to-file principle is applicable as per Article 90 of the law. The application must be filed with the National Office of Intellectual Property of Vietnam (NOIP) or its brand offices. 2. Examination: An application for a mark registration is subject to formality examination for evaluating its validity. Such examination must be completed by the authority within time limit of one (1) month from the filing date. 3. Applicant may claim priority on the basis of the first application for registration of protection of the same subject matter if the application claim is filed in other contracting state within six months or filed by Vietnamese citizen or of contracting country citizen and providing the first application copy along priority date being the filing date of the first application. 4. A notice on acceptance of valid application can be granted by NOIP or a notice of intended refusal to accept valid applications thereby clearly stating reasons and granting time limit to correct errors or to object such intended refusal and set a time limit of one month 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Application to register trademark. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Manual application w/o digital database. Fees: USD 8.02/- [VND 180,000/-] b) Manual application with digital database. Fees: USD 6.68/- [VND 150,000/-] c) Application filed online. Fees: USD 4.45/- [VND 100,000/-] 2. Fee for granting certificate: USD 5.34/- [VND 120,000/-] 3. Fee for publication of application: USD 5.34/- [VND 120,000/-] 4. Fee for Register of a certificate: USD 5.34/- [VND 120,000/-] 	Within 6 months from the date of publication